HISTORIC PROPERTY INVENTORY FORM

INDENTIFICATION SECTION

| Field Site No. Site Name Historic Common Field Recorder Owner's Name | 163-N OAHP No. Date Recorded 12-Feb-95 Demineralizer Plant Philip M. Bogen, Evaluator: Darby Stapp U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office | | | | |
|---|---|--|------------------|--|--|
| Address City/State/Zip Code | P.O. Box 550 Richland, WA 99352 | | | | |
| Status X Survey/Inventory National Register State Register Determined Eligible Determined Not Eligible Other (HABS, HAER, N Local Designation | | Photography Photography Neg. No. (Roll No. & Frame No.) View of South Side Date 1994 | toll 11, Frame 4 | | |
| Classification Distric Status Contributing District/Thematic Nominati | District X NR SR Non-Contributing on Name Hanford Site Manhat | X Building Structure INV In Project and Cold War Era Historic District | Object | | |
| Description Section Materials & Features/Struc Building Type Plan Structural System No. of Stories | Industrial L-Shaped Metal Frame 1 | Roof Type Gable Hip X Flat Pyramidal Monitor Other (specif | y) | | |
| Cladding (exterior Wall Sul Log Horizontal Wood Siding Rustic/Drop Clapboard Wood Shingle Board and Batten Vertical Board Asbestos/Asphalt Brick Stone Stucco | | Roof Material Wood Shingle Wood Shake Composition Slate Tar/Built-up Tile X Metal (specify) Other (specify) Not visible | | | |
| Terra Cotta Concrete/Concrete Bloc Vinyl/Aluminum Siding X Metal (specify) Other (specify) | Corrugated | Foundation Log Concrete Post & Pier Stone X Poured Brick Other (specif | у) | | |
| Integrity Changes to plan Changes to windows Changes to original cladding Changes to interior Other (specify) | X | slight Moderate | Extensive | | |

State of Washington, Department of Community Development Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation

111 21st Avenue Southwest, Post Office Box 48343 Olympia, Washington 98504-8343 (206)753-4011

LOCATION SECTION
Address

City/Town/County/Zip Code
Twp. 14N Range 26E
Tax No./Parcel No.

Quadrangle or map name UTM References Zone Plat/Block/Lot Supplemental Map(s)

| | Richland, W | A/Benton Co | ounty/993 | 352 | |
|---------|------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| Section | 28 I/4 Se | ction | NW | 1/4 1/4 Sec | SE |
| | | | | Acreage | |
| | Coyote Rapid | s 7.5 min. se | eries | _ | |
| 11 | Easting | 303974 | | Northing | 5172485 |



| Greek Revival | Spanish Colonial Revival/Mediterranean |
|--------------------------|--|
| Gothic Revival | Tudor Revival |
| Italianate | Craftsman/Arts & Crafts |
| Second Empire | Bungalow |
| Romanesque Revival | Prairie Style |
| Stick Style | Art Deco/Art Moderne |
| Queen Anne | Rustic Style |
| Shingle Style | International Style |
| Colonial Revival | Northwest Style |
| Beaux Arts/Neoclassical | Commercial Vernacular |
| Chicago/Commercial Style | Residential Vernacular (see below) |
| American Foursquare | X Other (specify) |
| Mission Revival | Industrial Vernacular |
| rnacular House Types | |
| Gable Front | Cross Gable |
| Gable Front and Wing | Pyramidal/Hipped |
| Side Gable | Other (specify) |

NARRATIVE SECTION Study Unit Themes

(check one or more of the following)

In the opinion of the surveyor, this property is located in a potential historic district (National and/or local).

| Citally Citie Triolines (cities | | ovv.iig) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Agriculture | | | Conservation | | | Politics/Government/ | /Law | |
| Architecture/Landscape Architecture/ | tecture | | Education Religion | | | | | |
| Arts | | | Entertainment/Recreation | | | Science & Engineering | | |
| Commerce | | | Ethnic Heritage (specify) | | | Social Movements/Organizations | | |
| Communications | | | Health/Medicine | | | Transportation | | |
| Community Planning/Develop | ment | | Manufacturing/Industry | | X | Other (specify) | Manhattan Project & Cold War Era | |
| | | | Military | | X | Study Unit Sub-The | eme(s) (specify) | |
| | | | _ | | | Cold War/Nuclear Fu | uel Production | |
| Statement of Significance | | | | | | Reactor Operations, | Water Treatment | |
| Date of Construction | 1964 | Arch | nitect/Engineer/Builder | General Electric/Burns and Roe | | | | |
| X In the opinion of the surveyor, | this property appears to m | eet the criteria of the | National Register of Historic P | laces. | | | | |

The 163-N Building produced high-quality, demineralized makeup water from filtered river water for the major cooling systems of the N Reactor. Demineralized water, which has virtually all dissolved and suspended matter removed by ion exchange, was used to prevent mineral deposits that would foul piping systems. Use of demineralized water also limited the generation of radioactive waste through neutron activation of dissolved and suspended matter. The demineralization process was an essential part of the light water pressurized recirculating cooling system employed at N Reactor, which is considered a major advancement in Hanford Reactor technology, with significant beneficial impacts to the environment.

Water was supplied to the 163-N Building from the 183-N Filtration Plant. The original demineralization facility consisted of the following equipment: Four two-compartment primary cation and anion units, one water heater, one vacuum deaerator with air ejectors, four booster pumps, four two-compartment secondary cation and anion units, four regenerating units, one acid storage tank and pumps, and one caustic storage tank and pumps. In 1988, a spent regenerant surge tank and elementary neutralization units were added to reduce environmental impacts; these never operated because N Reactor never restarted. The demineralization process was a key part of the recirculating cooling water design and represents a major advancement in Hanford reactor design that had implications for both environmental safety and steam generation.

This property is not associated with an important person (Criterion B), does not possess any distinctive architectural features or methods of construction (Criterion C), and does not qualify under Criterion D as the principal source of important information. However, the 163-N Building qualifies under Criterion A due to its association with the Cold War production of plutonium at N Reactor, and its contribution to Reactor Operations, specifically the Water System. Therefore, it is the conclusion of the U.S. Department of Energy that the 163-N Building is eligible under Criterion A for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places as a contributing property within the Hanford Site Manhattan Project and Cold War Era Historic District.

Description of Physical Appearance

The 163-N Building is a L-shaped, one-story, high-bay, metal frame building with a poured concrete foundation and corrugated metal exterior siding and flat roof. The 163-N Building measures a maximum of 167 ft by 108 ft (51 m by 33 m); 18,036 ft² (1,683 m²). No significant changes have been made to the building.

The N Reactor UTM coordinates are as follows: Northeast corner - 303974E, 5172485N; southeast corner - 303974E, 5171639N; southwest corner - 303069E, 5171639N; northwest corner - 303069E, 5172485N.

Major Bibliographic References

Bechtel Hanford, Inc. 1994. "Pre-Existing" Conditions Survey of Hanford Site Facilities to be.MaBHigedObylBeRhtelOHanFb#de IEc Rollie Warner, Engineer, Columbia Energy & Environmental Services, Inc.

Architectural Floor & Roof Plans, Drawing No. H-1-31150, 1980.